

A•Mano Primitivo

Region of Castellaneta, Province of Taranto, Apulia, Italy

"Apulia (or Puglia, as it is known in Italian) is so easy to fall in love with: old, head-trained vineyards, a history of grape-growing in harmony with nature... Everything necessary for top-quality wines. I was compelled to stay. I have not seen another region of the world where the quality potential is so high.



A•Mano comes from the heart of the Primitivo area, in the low hills east of Taranto. The region is an old sea bed, full of the fossils of clams, oysters and urchins. The altitude is around 30-60 meters above sea level (100-200 feet). Annual rainfall is 35 cm. (14 inches). The climate is classically Mediterranean, as Puglia (the 'heel of the boot') is a peninsula between the Adriatic and the Ionian seas."

Extra Information for Italy:



PIEDMONT Red White

The North-West Section is largely a green and ruggedly mountain zone with flatlands entwined throughout. This region is famous for wines made from three grapes - Nebbiolo Barbera (red) and Moscato (white). Nebbiolo grape wines include Barolo, the best known, a big wins unmatched for its scent & flavor, Barbaresco, slightly softer and Gattinara, elegant & rounded.

VENETO Red White

North-East zone is influenced by Austria and Germany in culture. This region produces grapes on high sloping mountain sides as well as on the valley floors. Veneto is found in the flatlands of the Piave Valley, north of Venice, and produces full, characterful wines with a ripe depth of fruit.

CAMPANIA Red White

It's name, taken from the volcanic plains beyond Naples, located in the South region of Italy. It is home to the BEST known dry Greco, and well known producer, Mastroberardino.

TUSCANY Red White

Located in the centre of Italy, set in the mountainous beauty, where olive trees, vines, and sweetly scented cypress trees, populate the hillside. The air is magnified and the light brilliantly vivid, a reminder that these hills were once home to the likes of Michelangelo and Leonardo di Vinci. Where the Sangiovese grape flourishes, and is the foundation for the renown Chianti.

SICILIA Red White

Italy has two major islands, (Sicily & Sardina) that are large enough to have developed their own culture, very strikingly different from the other, with a great wealth of raw materials waiting to be transformed into wines of quality. Sicily produces more white wine than red wine. Some of the great glories of the islands are produced from harnessing the sun's heat using two main grape varieties, Malvasia & Moscato. Their perfume is retained, accentuated and amplified, simply by the unique method of drying.

ABRUZZO & MOLISE White

Centre section-Abruzzo, is located in the highest point of the Apennines while Molise is found neighboring to the South. The rugged terrain is home to the Montepulciano grape. It produces a highly appealing and delicious wine of great generosity. The white Trebbiano grape lays claim to Italy's most widely planted white grape.